Grey-winged Cotinga (AF), Pico da Caledonia – rare, range-restricted, difficult to see, Bird of the Trip
**Introduction**

This report covers a short trip to South East Brazil staying at Itororó Eco-lodge managed & owned by Rainer Dungs. Andy Foster of Serra Dos Tucanos guided the small group.

**Itinerary**

Thursday 18th January
- *Nightmare of a travel day with the flight leaving Manchester 30 mins late and then only able to land in Amsterdam at the second attempt due to high winds. Quick sprint (stagger!) across Schiphol airport to get onto the Rio flight which then parked on the tarmac for 2 hours due to the winds. Another roller-coaster ride across a turbulent North Atlantic and we finally arrived in Rio De Janeiro two hours late. Eventually managed to get the free shuttle to the Linx Hotel adjacent to airport.*

Friday 19th January
- *Collected from the Linx by our very punctual driver (this was to be a theme) and 2.5hour transfer to Itororo Lodge through surprisingly light traffic. Birded the White Trail in the afternoon.*

Saturday 20th January
- *All day in Duas Barras & Sumidouro area. Luggage arrived.*

Sunday 21st January
- *All day at REGUA (Reserva Ecologica de Guapiacu) – wetlands and surrounding lowland forest. Andy was ill so guided by the very capable REGUA guide Adelei. Short visit late pm to Waldanoor Trail for Frilled Coquette & then return to lodge*

Monday 22nd January
- *All day around lodge – Blue Trail (am) & White Trail (pm)*

Tuesday 23rd January
- *Early start (& finish) at Pico da Caledonia. Got abused by the Seriemas at Sao Bernado early afternoon & then Green Trail at lodge late pm*

Wednesday 24th January
- *Cedae Trail (@550m) in the morning; Theodoro Trail (@1080m) in the afternoon. Also, three short sessions at the Raptor Viewpoint (= lay-by) between the entrances to the two trails.*

Thursday 25th January
- *Back to Cedae Trail in morning for a very successful clean-up operation. Quick stop at the Raptor Viewpoint finally nailed Mantled Hawk. Afternoon spent along Micae de Cima track though weather not great*

Friday 26th January
- *Phenomenal couple hours of birding along White & Green Trails. Simply one of those purple patches where the birding gods just smile. Electrifying views of Such’s Antthrush, Rufous-tailed Antthrush, Variegated Antpitta, Spotted Bamboowren & White-breasted Tapaculo. The first three of these were seen without moving my feet! Left for airport 11.30, no problems with traffic and flight back to Paris on time*

Saturday 27th February
- *Landed Paris and then on to Manchester with no issues*

**Accommodation**

The superb Itororo (literally "the whispering of the waters") lodge is located in the Serra do Mar mountain range near Nova Friburgo approximately 140 km to the north of Rio de Janeiro, at an altitude of 1.150 m. The location of Itororo enables easy access to a variety of Atlantic Forest habitats from a single base.

Meals & packed lunches were prepared by Bettina (Rainer’s sister) and were excellent.

The Linx Hotel is a typical airport hotel – clean & functional without any indication that an extra night would be desirable. The hotel shuttle bus was a challenge after the late-night arrival – worth checking up-to-date comments on Trip Advisor in advance.
Travel

Flights from Manchester to Rio were booked directly through the KLM website – outbound with KLM via Amsterdam (Schiphol) and return with Air France via Paris (CDG)

Serious problems with the outbound flights due to high winds at both Manchester & Amsterdam but eventually got to Rio de Janeiro just two hours late. Good result.

Unfortunately, my luggage did not manage to arrive at the same time (an issue with the baggage handlers at Schiphol being unable to work in the high winds) but KLM delivered them to the lodge, as promised, two days into the trip. Another good result to be honest.

Transfers from Rio to Itororo & return arranged via Serra Dos Tucanos – excellent service.

Visas

British nationals do not require a visa for entry to Brazil.

Habitat/Sites

The natural forest around Itororo lodge was devastated many years ago & this was how Rainer Dung's father had initially bought the plot. Rainer gave us a splendid talk about how he had started, 20 years ago, removing eucalyptus and replaced it with natural vegetation – a painstaking labour of love. The project is ongoing but the results so far are awesome with the natural re-establishment of wildlife including birds, cats & primates amongst others. The link below gives further information about Itororo; -
http://serradostucanos.com.br/itororo-lodge/the-lodge/

Weather

Generally dry though we did get washed out for a couple of hours on the trails around the lodge. Rain also preventing owling on a few evenings. The weather at Pico De Caledonia was superb and our timing was brilliant (clouded over just as we were leaving) enabling us to get all the specialities in the bag by 10.30!

Health / Safety Stuff

No stomach bugs – the food at the lodge prepared by Rainer’s sister Bettina was simply too good!

No real issues with biting insects – South East Brazil is generally not a malarial area.

Generally good road conditions & our drivers were exceptional – always prompt, always friendly and without any dramas whilst out birding

Taxonomy

Taxonomy in the list below follows Clements and the latest update (Autumn 2017)

Appendix A at the end of the report outlines the Atlantic Forest & Brazilian endemics seen during the trip

Photo credits

Thanks to the following for providing photographs for taken during the stay at Itororo & used in this report; -

Andy Foster (AF), Lynn Vogt (LV) & Rex Bradshaw (RB)
References

Wildlife Conservation Society Birds of Brazil: The Atlantic Forest of Southeast Brazil, including Sao Paulo and Rio de Janeiro – Ridgely et al
- This is the standard reference book for the region with great plates, text & background information

Birds of Brazil – Van Perlo
- Good for an overview of all the species of Brazil but the plates are not as informative as the Ridgely guide above & there are many "not applicable" birds to wade through.

Neotropical Bird Club articles
- Seeking out Atlantic Forest specialities at Reserva Ecológica de Guapiaçu. Volume 8
- Photospot: Endemic Brazilian tapaculos, with a brief résumé of their current taxonomy. Volume 11
- Birding Serra dos Órgãos and Guapimirim, Rio de Janeiro. Volume 20

BIRDS
- Lifers are indicated below in bold type.
- Birds marked "**" are endemic to Brazil. Also, Ref Appendix A of this report
- Birds in square brackets are heard-only
- Sub-species status may be based on geographical location and does not imply that sub-specific identification was carried out. This is simply my interpretation.
- Note that this is a list of birds recorded by me and not by others on the trip

TINAMIFORMES: Tinamidae
[Solitary Tinamou (Tinamus solitaries)
- monotypic – heard along the Cedae Trail]
[Brown Tinamou (Crypturellus obsoletus)
- ssp obsoletus – heard frequently at Itororo]

ANSERIFORMES: Anatidae
Black-bellied Whistling-Duck (Dendrocygna autumnalis)
- ssp autumnalis – several at REGUA

GALLIFORMES: Cracidae
Dusky-legged Guan (Penelope obscura)
- ssp bronzina – a family party (2 adults and 3 fully grown young) fed at the Itororo feeders daily.

GALLIFORMES: Odontophoridae
[Spot-winged Wood-Quail (Odontophorus capoeira)
- ssp capoeira – heard frequently at Itororo and birds flushed from the Green Trail one evening were probably these]

SULIFORMES: Fregatidae
Magnificent Frigatebird (Fregata magnificens)
- monotypic – common around Rio de Janeiro

SULIFORMES: Phalacrocoracidae
Neotropic Cormorant (Phalacrocorax brasilianus)
- ssp brasilianus - several in Rio de Janeiro bay

SULIFORMES: Anhingidae
Anhinga (Anhinga anhinga)
- ssp anhinga – just one seen at REGUA

PELECANIFORMES: Ardeidae
Rufescent Tiger-Heron (Tigrisoma lineatum)
- ssp marmoratum – one at REGUA
Cocoi Heron (Ardea cocoi)
- monotypic – one seen in Rio de Janeiro.

Great Egret (Ardea alba)
- ssp egretta – occasional birds in suitable areas

Cattle Egret (Bubulcus ibis)
- ssp ibis - common

Striped Heron (Butorides striata)
- ssp striata – singles in flight through trip

Black-crowned Night-Heron (Nycticorax nycticorax)
- ssp hoactli - one seen in Rio de Janeiro

Boat-billed Heron (Cochlearius cochlearius)
- ssp cochlearius - one at REGUA

CATHARTIFORMES: Cathartidae

Black Vulture (Coragyps atratus)
- ssp brasiliensis - common

Turkey Vulture (Cathartes aura)
- ssp ruficollis - common

ACCIPITRIFORMES: Accipitridae

Swallow-tailed Kite (Elanoides forficatus)
- ssp yetapa – one soaring above the entrance to the Theodoro Trail

Black-and-white Hawk-Eagle (Spizaetus melanoleucus)
- monotypic – distant flight views at Duas Barras. Perched bird later seen from Raptor viewpoint.

Rufous-thighed Kite (Harpagus diodon)
- monotypic – great views of a perched bird along the Cedae Trail.

Plumbeous Kite (Ictinia plumbea)
- monotypic – good views of 2 near Duas Barras

Savanna Hawk (Buteogallus meridionalis)
- monotypic – singles seen in the Duas Barras / Sumidouro area

Great Black Hawk (Buteogallus urubitinga)
- ssp urubitinga – one in flight at REGUA

Roadside Hawk (Rupornis magnirostris)
- ssp magniplumis – two at REGUA

Mantled Hawk (Pseudastur polionotus)
- monotypic – one perched bird scoped distantly from the Raptor Viewpoint.

GRUIFORMES: Rallidae

Rufous-sided Crane (Laterallus melanophaeus)
- ssp melanophaeus – stunning views of one crossing the path at REGUA. Another seen later at the same site.

Slaty-breasted Wood-Rail (Aramides saracura)
- monotypic – regularly seen on the lawns at Itororo. Singles seen elsewhere during the tour & many more heard.

Purple Gallinule (Porphyrio martinica)
- monotypic – just one at REGUA

Common Gallinule (Gallinula galeata)
- ssp galeata - a few at REGUA

CHARADRIIFORMES: Charadriidae

Southern Lapwing (Vanellus chilensis)
- ssp lampronotus – common

CHARADRIIFORMES: Jacanidae

Wattled Jacana (Jacana jacana)
- ssp jacana – just one seen at REGUA
COLUMBIFORMES: Columbidae

**Picazuro Pigeon (Patagioenas picazuro)**
- *ssp picazuro* – common

**Ruddy Ground-Dove (Columbina talpacoti)**
- *ssp talpacoti* – very common

**White-tipped Dove (Leptotila verreauxi)**
- *ssp chalcocuortex* – common

**Grey-fronted Dove (Leptotila rufaxilla)**
- *ssp reichenbachii* – first seen at the Itororo feeders

CUCULIFORMES: Cuculidae

**Guira Cuckoo (Guira guira)**
- monotypic – one along the Duas Barras to Sumidouro track and then a family group of at least 6 birds at REGUA

**Greater Ani (Crotophaga major)**
- monotypic – common at REGUA

**Smooth-billed Ani (Crotophaga ani)**
- monotypic – common at lowland sites

**Squirrel Cuckoo (Piaya cayana)**
- *ssp macroura* – one at REGUA

STRIGIFORMES: Strigidae

**Tropical Screech-Owl (Megascops choliba)**
- *ssp urugaiensis* – great views of one near Itororo lodge

[Rusty-barred Owl (Strix hylophila)]
- monotypic – heard at Itororo

CAPRIMULGIFORMES: Caprimulgidae

**Short-tailed Nighthawk (Lurocalis semitorquatus)**
- *ssp nattereri* – one in flight at dusk near Itororo Lodge

**Common Potoo (Nyctibius griseus)**
- *ssp griseus* – heard at Itororo

CAPRIMULGIFORMES: Nyctibiidae

**Black Jacobin (Florisuga fusca)**
- monotypic – common at the Itororo feeders (probably the most common hummingbird seen)

**Saw-billed Hermit (Ramphodon naevius)**
- monotypic – great views of these stunning birds at REGUA & Cedae Trail.

**Reddish Hermit (Phaethornis ruber)**
- *ssp ruber* – great perched views of birds at REGUA and later along the Cedae Trail

**Planalto Hermit (Phaethornis pretrei)**
- monotypic – great views of one near Duas Barras.

**Scale-throated Hermit (Phaethornis eurynome)**
- *ssp eurynome* – usually one around the Itororo feeders and the adjacent Heliconias.

**Frilled Coquette (Lophornis magnificus)**
- monotypic – fabulous views of a stunning male along the Waldanoor Trail & then repeated (unexpectedly) at the start of the Cedae Trail.

**Brazilian Ruby (Clytolaema rubricauda)**
- monotypic – common at the Itororo feeders

**Amethyst Woodstar (Calliphlox amethystine)**
- monotypic – female seen well along near Duas Barras
Green-crowned Plovercrest (Stephanoxis lalandi)
• monotypic – several females appeared near the Pico da Caledonia security hut before a stunning male showed in all his glory!

Swallow-tailed Hummingbird (Eupetomena macoura)
• ssp macoura – several of these big stunners at REGUA

Violet-capped Woodnymph (Thalurania glaucopis)
• monotypic – frequent around the Itororo feeders and regular within forest environments

**Sombre Hummingbird (Aphantochroa cirrochloris)
• monotypic – just one seen at the start to the Cedae Trail.

White-throated Hummingbird (Leucochloris albicollis)
• monotypic – common at the Itororo feeders.

White-chinned Sapphire (Hylocharis cyanus)
• ssp cyanus – after several fly-bys one eventually gave perched views at REGUA.

The Itororo feeders are great for Atlantic Forest endemic hummingbirds – clockwise from top left White-throated Hummingbird (AF), Scale-throated Hermit (LV), Brazilian Ruby (AF) & Black Jacobin (AF)

TROGONIFORMES: Trogonidae
Surucua Trogon (Trogon surrucura)
• ssp aurantius – Birds here are of the yellow/orange bellied form. Seen well at Itororo & Cedae Trail.
Black-throated Trogon (Trogon rufus)
• ssp chrysochloros – great views of one along the Macae de Cima track

CORACIIFORMES: Momotidae
Rufous-capped Motmot (Baryphthengus ruficapillus)
• monotypic – good views of singles along the trails at Itororo. One gave great views one evening when it landed near the decking at Itororo & seemed to be showing interest in the feeders.
**CORACIIFORMES: Alcedinidae**

Amazon Kingfisher (Chloroceryle amazon)
- monotypic – one at REGUA

**GALBULIFORMES: Bucconidae**

White-eared Puffbird (Nyctalus chacuru)
- ssp chacuru – a last-gasp pair showed near the Black-necked Aracari site on the way back from Sumidouro. Cracking birds.

**GALBULIFORMES: Galbulidae**

**Three-toed Jacamar (Jacamaralcyon tridactyla)**
- monotypic – two seen at the most random roadside spot imaginable. Not quite sure why a bird with such apparently catholic tastes should be so range-restricted?

Rufous-tailed Jacamar (Galbula ruficauda)
- ssp rufoviridis – first seen at REGUA.

**PICIFORMES: Ramphastidae**

**Saffron Toucanet (Pteroglossus bailloni)**
- monotypic – last ditch stuff as one finally showed as we were leaving the Theodoro Trail

Black-necked Aracari (Pteroglossus aracari)
- ssp aracari/vergens – at least 3 birds seen at the stake out near Sumidouro

Spot-billed Toucanet (Selenidera maculirostris)
- monotypic – great views along the Cedae Trail

Channel-billed Toucan (Ramphastos vitellinus)
- ssp ariel – a few around REGUA

**PICIFORMES: Picidae**

White-barred Piculet (Picumnus cirratus)
- ssp cirratus – first seen near Duas Barras and then loads at REGUA

White Woodpecker (Melanerpes candidus)
- monotypic – a small family group seen from the bronze statue of Martinho da Vila near Duas Barras

**Yellow-eared Woodpecker (Veniliornis maculifrons)**
- monotypic – first seen along the White Trail at Itororo

Yellow-throated Woodpecker (Piculus flavigula)
- ssp erythrops – great views of one at REGUA. I could mention that the male of this ssp ironically has a red throat but the bird seen was a female which has a yellow throat so I won’t…

White-browed Woodpecker (Piculus aurulentus)
- ssp monotypic – aka Yellow-browed Woodpecker. Great bird first seen along the White Trail at Itororo and then regularly through the trip

Green-barred Woodpecker (Colaptes melanochloros)
- ssp melanochloros – brilliant views of one quietly doing it’s stuff along the Blue Trail

Blond-crested Woodpecker (Celeus flavescens)
- ssp flavescens - great views of a pair of this obscenely attractive bird at REGUA.

**CARIAMIFORMES: Cariamidae**

Red-legged Seriema (Cariama cristata)
- monotypic – two aggressive and, let’s be honest, slightly unnerving birds simply wouldn’t leave us alone at Sao Bernado.

**FALCONIFORMES: Falconidae**

Collared Forest-Falcon (Micrastur semitorquatus)
- ssp semitorquatus – two flashed through the forest at REGUA
Southern Caracara (Caracara plancus)
• monotypic – singles throughout

Yellow-headed Caracara (Milvago chimachima)
• ssp chimachima – singles throughout

PSITTACIFORMES: Psittacidae
**Golden-tailed Parrotlet (Touit surdus)
• monotypic – calling birds giving typically brief flight views over the Cedae Trail.

**Plain Parakeet (Brotogeris tirica)
• monotypic – great flight views of a small flock from the Raptor Viewpoint.

Scaly-headed Parrot (Pionus maximiliani)
• ssp melanoblepharus – great perched views at Itororo and seen seen/heard often during the rest of the trip.

Maroon-bellied Parakeet (Pyrrhura frontalis)
• ssp frontalis – common and coming to the Itororo feeders on a regular basis.

Blue-winged Macaw (Primolius maracana)
• monotypic – stunning views of a couple of perched birds near Duas Barras plus several more in flight.

Blue-winged Macaw (AF), Duas Barras - lovely

White-eyed Parakeet (Psittacara leucophthalma)
• ssp leucophthalma – good flight views at Duas Barras and from the Raptor viewpoint

PASSERIFORMES: Thamnophilidae

Spot-backed Antshrike (Hypoedaleus guttatus)
• monotypic – great views of a small (2-3) party along the Cedae Trail.

Large-tailed Antshrike (Mackenzaena leachii)
• monotypic – brilliant views of one near the security hut at Pico de Caledonia.
Tufted Antshrike (Mackenziaena severa)
- monotypic – tremendously skulking but eventually seen well in bamboo along the Macae de Cima track.

Rufous-capped Antshrike (Thamnophilus ruficapillus)
- ssp ruficapillus – one about 50 steps up Pico da Caledonia

Chestnut-backed Antshrike (Thamnophilus palliates)
- ssp vestitus – stonking views of several birds at REGUA.

**Sooretama Slaty-Antshrike (Thamnophilus ambiguous)
- monotypic – several birds seen well in REGUA. Check out the wagging tail..

Variable Antshrike (Thamnophilus caerulescens)
- ssp gilvigaster – first seen along the White Trail.

**Star-throated Antwren (Rhopias gularis)
- monotypic – cracking views of one along the Blue Trail. Common along the Cedae Trail with birds being readily observed without the need for tape.

Spot-breasted Antvireo (Dysithamnus stictothorax)
- monotypic – one showed eventually along the Duas Barras to Sumidouro track but it wasn’t as easy as Andy thought it would be.

Plain Antvireo (Dysithamnus mentalis)
- ssp mentalis – seen along the Cedae Trail

**Rufous-backed Antvireo (Dysithamnus xanthopterus)
- monotypic – stonking views of one from the Cotinga Viewpoint at Pico da Caledonia where we actually got to look down on the bird.

White-flanked Antwren (Myrmotherula axilla)
- ssp luctuosa – commonly seen in REGUA. This is a potential split and would result in this becoming Silvery-flanked Antwren (Myrmotherula luctuosa)

**Unicolored Antwren (Myrmotherula unicolor)
- monotypic – good views of one at REGUA

**Ferruginous Antbird (Drymophila ferruginea)
- monotypic – seen in roadside vegetation near to the entrance of the Cedae Trail

Bertoni’s Antbird (Drymophila rubricollis)
- monotypic – a personal favourite. Point flank views of a pair along Blue Trail

**Rufous-tailed Antbird (Drymophila genei)
- monotypic – excellent views of one at Pico da Caledonia while waiting for the cotingas.

**Ochre-rumped Antbird (Drymophila ochropyga)
- monotypic – first seen along the White Trail at Itororo

Dusky-tailed Antbird (Drymophila malura)
- monotypic – lovely birds first seen near Itororo lodge and on odd occasions later

Streak-capped Antwren (Terenura maculate)
- monotypic – great views of at least one along the Cedae Trail
White-shouldered Fire-eye (Pyrglena leucoptera)
- monotypic – great views of a singing bird along the Blue Trail at Itororo and then one flew across the wide track at the end of the Macae de Cima trail

PASSERIFORMES: Conopophagidae
**Black-cheeked Gnateter (Conopophaga melanops)
- ssp melanops – stunning views of an absolutely fabulous bird along the Cedae Trail
Rufous Gnateter (Conopophaga lineata)
- ssp vulgaris – stunning views of pairs of birds seen along the Blue & White Trails at Itororo

PASSERIFORMES: Grallariidae
Variegated Antpitta (Grallaria varia)
- ssp imperator – brilliant views of one along the White Trail at Itororo during the purple patch on the last morning at Itororo

PASSERIFORMES: Rhinocryptidae
Spotted Bamboowren (Psilorhamphus guttatus)
- monotypic – blip views of one in the gloom over a couple of hours on 23rd and then point blank views on the last morning. Cool!
**White-breasted Tapaculo (Eleoscytalopus indigoticus)
- monotypic – great views of the staked-out bird on two occasions at the end of the White Trail
**Mouse-coloured Tapaculo (Scytalopus speluncae)
- monotypic – became a Brazilian endemic when Planalto Tapaculo (S. pachecoi) was split.. Potential further split to “Serra Do Mar Tapaculo” may be on the cards.

PASSERIFORMES: Formicariidae
Rufous-capped Antthrush (Formicarius colma)
- ssp ruficeps – great views of one along the Cedae Trail
**Such’s (Cryptic) Antthrush (Chamaeza meruloides)
- monotypic – great views of one at Itororo
Rufous-tailed Antthrush (Chamaeza ruficauda)
- monotypic – great views of one from exactly the same spot as the previous species!

PASSERIFORMES: Furnariidae
Rufous-breasted Leaftosser (Sclerurus scansor)
- ssp scansor – superb views of a bird preening in the open along the Theodore Trail
Olivaceous Woodcreeper (Sittasomus griseicapillus)
- ssp sylviellus - common
Plain-winged Woodcreeper (Dendrocincla tundina)
- ssp tundina – good views along the Cedae trail where it appeared to be common.
Planalto Woodcreeper (Dendrocolaptes platyrostris)
- ssp platyrostris - good views along the Cedae Trail
White-throated Woodcreeper (Xiphocolaptes albicollis)
- ssp albicollis – great views (at last) of a couple of these beasts late one afternoon at Itororo
Lesser Woodcreeper (Xiphorhynchus fuscus)
- ssp fuscus - good views along the Cedae Trail
Black-billed Scythebill (Campylorhamphus falcularius)
- monotypic – great views along the Blue Trail at Itororo.
Scaled Woodcreeper (Lepidocolaptes squamatus)
- ssp squamatus – on the first afternoon at Itororo.
Streaked Xenops (Xenops rutilans)
- ssp rutilans – first seen at REGUA and then along the Cedae Trail
**Wing-banded Hornero (Furnarius figulus)
- ssp figulus – aka Band-tailed Hornero. First seen near Duas Barras
**Rufous Hornero (Furnarius rufus)**
- ssp albogularis – seen around the Linx hotel in Rio and quite frequently through the trip

**Sharp-tailed Streamcreeper (Lochmis nematura)**
- ssp nematura – great views of one that was coaxed near to the Blue Trail from the valley below

**White-collared Foliage-gleaner (Anabazenops fuscus)**
- monotypic - it gave us the run-around along the Blue Trail but we eventually got good views of this cracker.

**Sharp-billed Treehunter (Heliobletus contaminates)**
- ssp contaminates – just one seen along the Blue Trail at Itororo

**Black-capped Foliage-gleaner (Philydor atricapillus)**
- monotypic – phenomenal views of this beauty along the Cedae Trail after teasing us for hours.

**Buff-fronted Foliage-gleaner (Philydor rufum)**
- ssp rufum – great views along the Cedae Trail

**White-browed Foliage-gleaner (Anabacerthia amaurotis)**
- monotypic – two birds along the Theodoro Trail

**Ochre-breasted Foliage-gleaner (Anabacerthia lichtensteini)**
- monotypic – cracking views of birds along the Cedae Trail.

**Rufous-fronted Thornbird (Phacellodomus rufifrons)**
- ssp rufifrons / fargoi – seen well in the Duas Barras to Sumidouro area. Fantastic nests.

**Orange-eyed Thornbird (Phacellodomus erythrophthalmus)**
- monotypic – brilliant views of a nest-building pair near the Itororo lodge

**Firewood-gatherer (Anumbius annumbi)**
- monotypic – three along the Duas Barras to Sumidouro

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*Itatiaia Spinetail (AF), Pico da Caledonia – extremely range restricted & wonderfully responsive at the bottom of the steps!*
**Itatiaia Spinetail (Asthenes moreireae)**
- monotypic – this cracking bird is the main reason for going high on Pico de Caledonia. Highly range-restricted, this bird is only known from two other areas (Itatiaia NP & Serra dos Orgaos NP) One gave point blank views in response to the recording & we only had to climb about 50 out of the 620 steps to the top!

**Pallid Spinetail (Cranioleuca pallida)**
- monotypic – one seen in the pines immediately behind the Itororo lodge

Yellow-chinned Spinetail (Certhiaxis cinnamomeus)
- ssp russeolus – several on the Duas Barras / Sumidouro day

Grey-bellied Spinetail (Synallaxis cinerascens)
- monotypic – great views of one in thin vegetation at REGUA

Rufous-capped Spinetail (Synallaxis ruficapilla)
- monotypic – good views of one along the Blue Trail at Itororo

PASSERIFORMES: Tyrannidae

Southern Beardless-Tyrannulet (Camptostoma obsoletum)
- ssp obsoletum – just one noted at REGUA.

Yellow Tyrannulet (Capsiempis flaveola)
- ssp flaveola – seen poorly during the long bamboowren session and then brilliantly on the last day at Itororo.

Yellow-bellied Elaenia (Elaenia flavogaster)
- ssp flavogaster – first noted near Duas Barras and then singles through the trip

Olivaceous Elaenia (Elaenia mesoleuca)
- monotypic – one gave great views at Pico da Caledonia

Grey-hooded Flycatcher (Mionectes rufiventris)
- monotypic – great views of one in REGUA

Sepia-capped Flycatcher (Leptopogon amaurocephalus)
- ssp amaurocephalus -

Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet (Phylloscartes ventralis)
- ssp ventralis – a small party of these near the security hut at Pico da Caledonia.

**Oustalet’s Tyrannulet (Phylloscartes oustaleti)**
- monotypic – great views of one along the Cedae Trail on our second mop-up visit. Look for the long, wagging tail

**Serra do Mar Tyrannulet (Phylloscartes difficilis)**
- monotypic – point blank views of one near the security hut at Pico da Caledonia as soon as we got out of the vehicle.

Planalto Tyrannulet (Phyllophysis fasciatus)
- ssp brevirostris – several seen through the trip with the first from the Itororo decking

**Grey-capped Tyrannulet (Phyllophysis griseocapilla)**
- monotypic – great views of a calling bird at the start of the Cedae Trail on the second day there

Southern Antpipit (Corythopis delalandi)
- monotypic – brilliant views of a singing bird at REGUA

Eared Pygmy-Tyrant (Myiornis auricularis)
- ssp auricularis – one watched in the canopy along the Cedae Trail

**Eye-ringed Tody-Tyrant (Hemitriccus orbitalis)**
- monotypic – a smart, clean-looking tyrannid seen well at REGUA

Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher (Poecilotriccus plumbeiceps)
- ssp plumbeiceps / cinereiceps – one of these skulkers seen well along the White Trail at Itororo

**Grey-headed Tody-Flycatcher (Todirostrum poliocephalum)**
- monotypic - aka Yellow-lored Tody-flycatcher

Yellow-olive Flycatcher (Tolmomyias sulphurescens)
- ssp sulphurescens – seen at Itororo & along the Cedae Trail

Yellow-breasted Flycatcher (Tolmomyias flaviventris)
- ssp flaviventris - aka Ochre-lored Flycatcher. A single bird at REGUA was the only one on the trip
White-throated Spadebill (Platyrinchus mystaceus)
   - ssp mystaceus – two very responsive birds along the Macae de Cima track
Cliff Flycatcher (Hirundinea ferruginea)
   - ssp bellicose – one along the Duas Barras to Sumidouro track and later near the lodge at Itororo

Whiskered Flycatcher (Myiobius barbatus)
   - ssp mastacalis - great views of birds at Itororo. On the final morning a very agitated pair were watched feeding 2 newly fledged young birds.

Euler’s Flycatcher (Lathrotriccus euleri)
   - ssp euleri – good views of one at REGUA

Crested Black-Tyrant (Knipolegus lophotes)
   - monotypic – at least two at near the bronze statue of Martinho da Viia near Duas Barras

**Velvety Black-Tyrant (Knipolegus nigerrimus)
   - monotypic – several in the scrubby areas at the lower end of the Pico da Caledonia steps

Blue-billed Black-Tyrant (Knipolegus cyanirostris)
   - monotypic – several round-headed males seen from the Cotinga Viewpoint at Pico da Caledonia. A hyper-distinctive female seen later at Sao Bernado.

White-rumped Monjita (Xolmis velatus)
   - monotypic – one along the Duas Barras to Sumidouro track

Shear-tailed Grey Tyrant (Muscipipra vetula)
   - monotypic – two birds at Sao Bernado were the only ones

Masked Water-Tyrant (Fluvicola rengeta)
   - ssp rengeta – common (including in car park at the Linx Hotel in Rio)

White-headed Marsh Tyrant (Arundinicola leucocephala)
   - monotypic – one at REGUA

Cattle Tyrant (Machetornis rixosa)
   - ssp rixosa – reasonably common in more open areas

**Grey-hooded Attila (Attila rufus)
   - ssp rufus – one seen well along the Theodoro Trail and even better views of a bird beating the living daylights out of a large katydid along the Cedae Trail the next day

Short-crested Flycatcher (Myiarchus ferox)
   - ssp australis – at least one near Duas Barras

Great Kiskadee (Pitangus sulphuratus)
   - ssp argentinus - common

Boat-billed Flycatcher (Megarynchus pitangua)
   - ssp pitangua – one at REGUA

Social Flycatcher (Myiozetetes similis)
   - ssp pallidiventris – first seen near Duas Barras

Streaked Flycatcher (Myiodynastes maculatus)
   - ssp solitaries – first seen near Duas Barras

Piratic Flycatcher (Legatus leucophaius)
   - ssp leucophaius – seen at Duas Barras & at the start of the Theodoro Trail

Tropical Kingbird (Tyrannus melancholicus)
   - ssp melancholicus - common

Fork-tailed Flycatcher (Tyrannus savanna)
   - ssp savanna – lovely looking bird seen along the Duas Barras to Sumidouro track

PASSERIFORMES: Oxyruncidae

Sharpbill (Oxyruncus cristatus)
   - ssp cristatus – good views of one along the Theodoro Trail

PASSERIFORMES: Cotingidae

Swallow-tailed Cotinga (Phibalura flavirostris)
   - ssp flavirostris – one at Sao Bernardo gave good but brief scope views

**Black-and-gold Cotinga (Tijuca atra)
   - monotypic – distant views of a singing bird at Pico da Caledonia
**Grey-winged Cotinga (Tijuca condita)**
- monotypic – crippling views of one at Pico da Caledonia around the Cotinga viewpoint. These birds call very infrequently (especially compared to the previous species) making the location of birds tricky.

Bare-throated Bellbird (Procnias nudicollis)
- monotypic – calling incessantly at Itororo where individuals were seen on a couple of occasions. Also seen well along the Macae de Cima track

PASSERIFORMES: Pipridae
**Serra do Mar Tyrant-Manakin (Neopelma chrysolophum)**
- monotypic – great views of one along the White Trail at Itororo

Swallow-tailed (Blue) Manakin (Chiroxiphia caudata)
- monotypic – stunning male seen along the White Trail at Itororo on the first afternoon and females / immatures seen throughout the trip

**Pin-tailed Manakin (Ilicura militaris)**
- monotypic – reasonable views of a female at Itororo, were followed by great views of a female along the Macae de Cima track but alas no males…

White-bearded Manakin (Manacus manacus)
- ssp gutturosus – displaying male seen at REGUA

PASSERIFORMES: Tityridae
Green-backed Becard (Pachyramphus viridis)
- ssp viridis – great views of a couple along the Duas Barras to Sumidouro track

Chestnut-crowned Becard (Pachyramphus castaneus)
- ssp castaneus – one seen well in the mixed flock at the start of the Cedae Trail

White-winged Becard (Pachyramphus polychopterus)
- ssp spixii – a female in a mixed flock at Itororo & a male along the Macae de Cima track were the only ones.

PASSERIFORMES: Vireonidae
Rufous-browed Peppershrike (Clylarhis gujanensis)
- ssp ochrocephala – just one seen along the Macae de Cima track

Rufous-crowned Greenlet (Hylophilus poicilotis)
- monotypic – first seen near Itororo lodge

Lemon-chested Greenlet (Hylophilus thoracicus)
- ssp thoracicus – good views of a couple at REGUA

PASSERIFORMES: Corvidae
Curl-crested Jay (Cyanocorax cristatellus)
- monotypic – singles along the Duas Barras to Sumidouro track and again near Sao Bernado

PASSERIFORMES: Hirundinidae
Blue-and-white Swallow (Pygochelidon cyanoleuca)
- ssp cyanoleuca - regular

Tawny-headed Swallow (Alopecocephalus furcatus)
- monotypic – great views of at least two birds near Sumidouro

Southern Rough-winged Swallow (Stelgidopteryx ruficollis)
- ssp ruficollis - regular

Brown-chested Martin (Progne tapera)
- ssp fusca - regular

PASSERIFORMES: Troglodytidae
House Wren (Troglodytes aedon)
- ssp bonariae – seen infrequently through the trip.
Moustached Wren (Pheugopedius genibarbis)
- ssp genibarbis – one at REGUA responding well to tape

**Long-billed Wren (Cantorchilus longirostris)
- ssp longirostris – great views of a singing bird at REGUA

PASSERIFORMES: Donacobiiidae
Black-capped Donacobius (Donacobius atricapilla)
- ssp atricapilla – common on the Duas Barras – Sumidouro day. Also at REGUA

PASSERIFORMES: Turdidae
Yellow-legged Thrush (Turdus flavipes)
- ssp flavipes – first seen near the Pico da Caledonia security hut and then singles elsewhere
Pale-breasted Thrush (Turdus leucomelas)
- ssp leucomelas - odd ones around the Itororo feeders.
Rufous-bellied Thrush (Turdus rufiventris)
- ssp rufiventris – very common
Creamy-bellied Thrush (Turdus amaurochalinus)
- monotypic – first seen at Sao Bernado.
White-necked Thrush (Turdus albicollis)
- ssp albicollis – one skulker gave good views along the Macae de Cima track. It came in from a very long way in response to the recording

PASSERIFORMES: Mimidae
Chalk-browed Mockingbird (Mimus saturninus)
- ssp modulator – a few noted near Duas Barras

PASSERIFORMES: Parulidae
Tropical Parula (Setophaga pitiayumi)
- ssp pitiayumi – just one along the Cedae Trail
Golden-crowned Warbler (Basileuterus culicivorus)
- ssp azarae – first seen near Duas Barras and then singles on several days
White-browed Warbler (Myiothlypis leucoblephara)
- monotypic - aka White-rimmed Warbler which is clearly more appropriate. Two very excited birds watched along the Theodoro Trail.

PASSERIFORMES: Thraupidae
Cinnamon Tanager (Schistochlamys ruficapillus)
- monotypic – cracking views of at least one bird near start of the steps up Pico da Caledonia
Magpie Tanager (Cissopis leverianus)
- ssp major – a couple seen together at the Itororo feeders.
Hooded Tanager (Nemosia pileata)
- ssp caerulea – two high in the canopy near REGUA lodge.
Chestnut-headed Tanager (Thlypopsis pyrrhocoma)
- monotypic – good views of this skulker along the White Trail on the first day at Itororo.
Black-goggled Tanager (Trichothraupis melanops)
- monotypic – frequent at Itororo & in mixed flocks in the Duas Barras area.
Flame-crested Tanager (Tachyphonus cristatus)
- ssp brunneus - great views in REGUA.
Ruby-crowned Tanager (Tachyphonus coronatus)
- monotypic – common at the Itororo. Despite point-blank views on many occasions the ruby crown was never visible.
**Brazilian Tanager (Ramphocelus bresilius)
- ssp dorsalis – only seen at REGUA and all birds were immatures/males. Shame..

* * *
Diademed Tanager (Stephanophorus diadematus)
- monotypic – several at Pico da Caledonia were largely eclipsed by other megas seen on the day which is a shame as these are simply superb birds.

Fawn-breasted Tanager (Pipraeidea melanomela)
- ssp melanomela – great views of one on the last morning near the Itororo feeders

Sayaca Tanager (Thraupis sayaca)
- ssp sayaca – regular at the Itororo feeders & also throughout the trip

**Azure-shouldered Tanager (Thraupis cyanoptera)**
- monotypic - regular at the Itororo feeders.

**Golden-chevroned Tanager (Thraupis ornata)**
- monotypic – seen at the Itororo feeders on a regular basis though never numerous

Burnished-buff Tanager (Tangara cayana)
- ssp chloroptera - first seen near Duas Barras. An occasional visitor to the Itororo feeders

Green-headed Tanager (Tangara seledon)
- monotypic – 3 birds (inc 2 adults) during the second wrap-up session along the Cedae Trail

Red-necked Tanager (Tangara cyanocephala)
- ssp cyanocephala – frequent at the start of the Cedae Trail

**Brassy-breasted Tanager (Tangara desmaresti)**
- monotypic – common at the Itororo feeders

**Gilt-edged Tanager (Tangara cyanoventeris)**
- monotypic – only seen along the road near Duas Barras. Equally as stunning as Brassy-breasted Tanagers

Swallow Tanager (Tersina viridis)
- ssp viridis – females at Duas Barras & REGUA

The Itororo feeders are great for tanagers – clockwise from top left Golden-chevroned Tanager (LV), Brassy-breasted Tanager (LV), Ruby-crowned Tanager (AF) & Magpie Tanager (LV)
Blue Dacnis (Dacnis cayana)
- ssp paraguayensis – common at the Itororo feeders

**Rufous-headed Tanager (Hemithraupis ruficapilla)
- ssp ruficapilla – first seen high in the canopy along the Blue Trail and then much better along the Cedae trail.

Yellow-backed Tanager (Hemithraupis flavicollis)
- ssp insignis – first seen at REGUA & later along the Blue Trail at Itororo.

Chestnut-vented Conebill (Conirostrum speciosum)
- ssp speciosum – just one seen at REGUA

**Bay-chested Warbling-Finch (Castanozoster thoracicus)
- monotypic – a small flock of 3-4 birds at Pico De Caledonia with one giving particularly good views

Saffron Finch (Sicalis flaveola)
- ssp brasiliensis/pelzelni – common throughout

Wedge-tailed Grass-Finch (Emberizoides herbicola)
- ssp herbicola – a small group gave cracking views along the Duas Barras to Sumidouro track.

Blue-black Grassquit (Volatinia jacarina)
- ssp jacarina – frequently seen with some ace jumping males

Lined Seedeater (Sporophila lineola)
- ssp lineola – great views of a singing male in a small village near to the Waldanoor Trail

Double-collared Seedeater (Sporophila caerulescens)
- ssp caerulescens – singles throughout trip, first seen near Sumidouro

Bananquit (Coereba flaveola)
- ssp chloropyga (?) - common at the feeders at Itororo. The vast majority were dull-faced juveniles

Buff-throated Saltator (Saltator maximus)
- ssp maximus – one at REGUA

Green-winged Saltator (Saltator similis)
- ssp similis – two visiting the feeders at Itororo. These only seem to come in at quieter times and indeed they were only seen on the feeder up the road away from the lodge.

Thick-billed Saltator (Saltator maxillosus)
- monotypic – a juvenile at Pico de Caledonia with an all-black bill caused some scratching of heads before a couple of yellow-billed adults joined it.

PASSERIFORMES: Passerellidae

Grassland Sparrow (Ammodramus humeralis)
- ssp xanthornus – one displaying near the bronze statue of Martinho da Vila near Duas Barras

**Half-collared Sparrow (Arremon semitorquatus)
- monotypic – following Andy’s assurances that this was “a skulker that came in low” one popped up onto the top of a roadside sapling near Itororo lodge. Very smart it was too.

Rufous-collared Sparrow (Zonotrichia capensis)
- ssp subtorquata – common

PASSERIFORMES: Cardinalidae

Red-crowned Ant-Tanager (Habia rubica)
- ssp rubica – male & female seen along Cedae but not leading mixed flocks as might be expected.

PASSERIFORMES: Icteridae

Crested Oropendola (Psarocolius decumanus)
- ssp maculosus - just 3 birds seen along the Macae de Cima track

Red-rumped Cacique (Cacicus haemorrhous)
- ssp affinis – one at REGUA & a small but unoccupied colony also seen.

Shiny Cowbird (Molothrus bonariensis)
- ssp bonariensis – seen along the Duas Barras to Sumidouro track
Chopi Blackbird (Gnorimopsar chopi)
- ssp chopi – a few fighting at the Aracari stake-out on the way back from Sumidouro

Chestnut-capped Blackbird (Chrysomus ruficapillus)
- ssp ruficapillus – these gorgeous birds were common in the Duas Barras to Sumidouro area.

PASSERIFORMES: Fringillidae
Orange-bellied Euphonia (Euphonia xanthogaster)
- ssp xanthogaster – just one at REGUA

Chestnut-bellied Euphonia (Euphonia pectoralis)
- monotypic – this is a truly gorgeous bird when seen close up. Stunning views along the Cedae Trail on numerous occasions.

Hooded Siskin (Spinus magellanicus)
- ssp ictericus – several stunning males including birds near Duas Barras & at Sao Bernado

APPENDIX 1; - ENDEMIC BIRD SPECIES SEEN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Endemic to Brazil</th>
<th>Endemic to Atlantic Forest</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mantled Hawk</td>
<td>Pseudastur polionotus</td>
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<tr>
<td>Slaty-breasted Wood-Rail</td>
<td>Aramides saracura</td>
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<td>Black Jacobin</td>
<td>Florisuga fusca</td>
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<td>Saw-billed Hermit</td>
<td>Ramphodon naevius</td>
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<td>Scale-throated Hermit</td>
<td>Phaethornis eurnome</td>
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<td>Frilled Coquette</td>
<td>Lophornis magnificus</td>
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<td>Brazilian Ruby</td>
<td>Clytoela rubricauda</td>
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<td>Green-crowned Plovercrest</td>
<td>Stephanoxis lalandi</td>
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<td>Violet-capped Woodnymph</td>
<td>Thalurania glaucopis</td>
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<td>Sombre Hummingbird</td>
<td>Aphantochroa cirrochlois</td>
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<td>Leucocloris albicollis</td>
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<td>Rufous-capped Motmot</td>
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<td>Three-toed Jacamar</td>
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<td>Saffron Toucanet</td>
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<td>Yellow-eared Woodpecker</td>
<td>Veniliornis maculifrons</td>
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<tr>
<td>Velvety Black-Tyrant</td>
<td>Knipolegus nigerrimus</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shear-tailed Grey Tyrant</td>
<td>Muscipipra vetula</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grey-hooded Attila</td>
<td>Attila rufus</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black-and-gold Cotinga</td>
<td>Tijuca atra</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grey-winged Cotinga</td>
<td>Tijuca condita</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bare-throated Bellbird</td>
<td>Procnias nudicolis</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serra do Mar Tyrant-Manakin</td>
<td>Neopelma chrysolophum</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swallow-tailed (Blue) Manakin</td>
<td>Chiroxipha caudata</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pin-tailed Manakin</td>
<td>Ilicura militaris</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common Name</td>
<td>Scientific Name</td>
<td>Present</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rufous-crowned Greenlet</td>
<td>Hylophilus poicilotis</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long-billed Wren</td>
<td>Cantorchilus longirostris</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White-browed (White-rimmed) Warbler</td>
<td>Myiothlypis leucoblephara</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cinnamon Tanager</td>
<td>Schistochlamys ruficapillus</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chestnut-headed Tanager</td>
<td>Thlypopsis pyrrhoa</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ruby-crowned Tanager</td>
<td>Tachyphonus coronatus</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diademed Tanager</td>
<td>Stephanator diadematus</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Azure-shouldered Tanager</td>
<td>Thraupis cyanoptera</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Golden-chevroned Tanager</td>
<td>Thraupis ornata</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green-headed Tanager</td>
<td>Tangara seledon</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red-necked Tanager</td>
<td>Tangara cyanoccephala</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brassy-breasted Tanager</td>
<td>Tangara desmaresti</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gilt-edged Tanager</td>
<td>Tangara cyanoventris</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rufous-headed Tanager</td>
<td>Hemithraupis ruficapilla</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bay-chested Warbling-Finch</td>
<td>Castanozoster thoracicus</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thick-billed Saltator</td>
<td>Saltator maxillosus</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Half-collared Sparrow</td>
<td>Arremon semitorquatus</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Number of Endemics</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>46</strong></td>
</tr>
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</table>